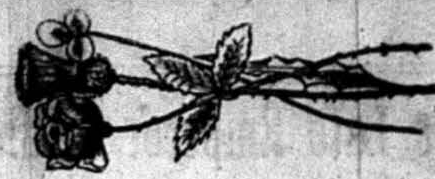




THE COLONIST.



VOL. III. Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum. ST. JOHN'S, N. F., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1888. Single copies—One cent. No. 225.

BY TELEGRAPH.

SNOWSTORM IN ONTARIO.

No Clew to Whitechapel Murderer.

GERMAN EMPEROR AT VIENNA.

Price of Wheat in Manitoba.

FRANCE TO REVISE HER CONSTITUTION.

HALIFAX, N.S., Oct. 4.

A snowstorm has passed over Ontario and Quebec.

The London police can find no clew to the murderer of the six women in Whitechapel.

The Emperor of Germany arrived at Vienna on Tuesday. The Austrian Emperor received him at the station. Owing to anarchist plots, the Emperor changed his route of travel to Austria.

Flour is advancing, and Manitoba farmers get double of last year's prices for their wheat.

The French government propose a revision of the constitution as a solution to prevent the Senate from dissolving the Chambers.

OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction—sheriff's sale..... L T Chancey
Business card..... Geo McCoubrey
New tweed suits..... James Bryden
Stable to let..... Edward F Carter
Wanted—a salesman..... see advt

AUCTION SALES

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Supreme Court of Newfoundland, and to be directed, wherein EDWARD DOHERTY is Plaintiff, and MARY HOWLETT, Executrix of the will of the late CATHERINE DOHERTY is defendant. I will sell by Public Auction, at the Court House, on Friday next, the 5th day of October, at 12 o'clock (noon). All the right title and interest of the defendant in and to a piece of leased land, measuring about 18 feet by 50 feet, situated on Gower Street, together with the Dwelling House thereon, No. 117. Ground rent \$34.00 per annum. Unexpired term 24 years from 1st May last. Further particulars at time of sale.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE. L. T. CHANCEY, Acting Sheriff. Sept. 29, 1888.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD.

GEORGE M'COUBREY

(Late of firm of M'COUBREY & CLOUSTON)

Tin and Sheet Iron Worker,

BEGS to inform his friends and the public that he has commenced business in Shop, 236 Water Street, opposite Messrs. AYRE & SONS, where he will keep on hand all kinds of Tin-ware, Stoves, Gothic Grates, and all materials connected with his business. He hopes by strict attention to the wants of his old patrons to receive a share of their patronage. oct4,6wfp,21w

Native Industries! AGAIN!

Marsh Berries—Fifty barrels
Partridge Berries—Twenty barrels
Newfoundland Apples—Table & Siberian (All the above sold by barrel or gallon)

100 Boxes Denia Raisins
100 Boxes Layer Raisins
5 Cases Lemons
10 Kegs Finest Grapes.

ALL AT LOWEST RATES.

Also, orders will be received up to the 17th instant, for Extra Choice ABERDEEN STRAWBERRY PLANTS, from the most celebrated nursery in Aberdeenshire.

DAVIDSON & FLETCHER.

Sydney Coal!

NOW LANDING

Ex schrs. Rosie and Elizabeth McLea.

Two small Cargoes of North Sydney Coal. Best quality; from the old mines. Sent home.

W. & C. RENDELL.

STABLE TO LET.

TO LET, A STABLE with CARRIAGE Room and Hay-Rack, situate on Adelaide St., near New Gower Street. Water quite near. Apply to EDWARD F. CARTER, 30 New Gower Street. oct4,9fp

New Advertisements

Bedsteads, Coal Vases, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,

A large assortment of French Bedsteads—all sizes
Japanned, Oak and Cabinet Coal Vases
Fire Irons, Brasses, Cottage Fire Seis
Also, a full assortment English & American Hardware.

At Prices that will compare favorably with others in the Trade.

"Arcade" Hardware Store - - M. MONROE.

[By Permission of the Stipendiary Magistrates.]

GRAND PUBLIC DRAWING OF MONEY PRIZES,

—UNDER THE AUSPICES OF—

The Benevolent Irish Society, of St. John's, Newfoundland, to be held in St. Patrick's Hall, on SATURDAY, the 15th day of December, 1888.

THE BENEVOLENT IRISH SOCIETY WAS FOUNDED IN 1806, UPON TRUE PRINCIPLES of benevolence and philanthropy; it was established for the purpose of affording permanent relief to the wretched and distressed. After some years devoted to the relief of the destitute, the Society, wishing still further to extend its usefulness, erected the Orphan Asylum Schools for the education of poor boys, which continued to fulfil the obligations for which they were established, until 1877, when the growing wants of the community made it necessary to procure larger accommodation, and induced the Society to erect the magnificent stone building in which the Society's Schools are now held, under the able management of those zealous teachers, the Christian Brothers. The Schools are fitted with all the modern improvements, and are capable of accommodating 500 pupils. At the present time the Schools are overcrowded, whilst the applications for admission are continually increasing. There is also an Industrial School conducted in the Building, where Net Making is taught.

When it is understood that the Society's numbers are not very large, and that the annual income is nearly all exhausted in the sustaining of its Schools, it can easily be seen that the large outlay of over \$50,000 (the cost of the building) must have left a large debt on the Society, although with its accumulated funds and members' fees, the individual members of the body supplied from their own purses, over \$12,000, the greater portion of which was a free gift. It is to lessen the interest on this debt, by paying off some portion of the principal, that the Society has ventured this Lottery, which the members feel assured the generosity of their friends and well-wishers will make a success. The Drawing will consist of the following Grand Money Prizes:—

First prize.....\$1000	Eight prize.....\$20	Fifteenth prize.....\$10
Second prize.....500	Ninth prize.....20	Sixteenth prize.....10
Third prize.....100	Tenth prize.....20	Seventeenth prize.....10
Fourth prize.....100	Eleventh prize.....15	Eighteenth prize.....10
Fifth prize.....50	Twelfth prize.....15	Nineteenth prize.....10
Sixth prize.....50	Thirteenth prize.....15	Twentieth prize.....10
Seventh prize.....20	Fourteenth prize.....15	

Each person disposing of a book of twenty dollars worth of tickets, receives one free ticket. The Duplicates of all tickets sold must be sent into the Secretary on or before the 1st of December, 1888. As the Secretary cannot keep the names of persons holding tickets, the prizes will be paid directly to the actual bearers on presentation of the ticket. Care must be taken of the tickets. If they are lost the actual bearer may present them and claim payment, which cannot be refused. A list of the winning numbers will be published in the local papers immediately after the drawing. The price of each full ticket is \$1.00, and each quarter ticket 25 cents.

may3,th,fp,tillnov30 HENRY V. BORN, Secretary of Committee.

New Tweed Suits at \$3.75 and upw'ds

NEW DIAGONAL SUITS—at \$8.00 and upwards.
NEW SERGE SUITS—at \$1.90 to \$2.70.

Also, Pilot Cloth Reefers, Tweed and Cloth Pants and Vests—in great variety. Marked low to meet the requirements of all.

oct4,3fp

JAMES BRYDEN.

Tea! Coffee! Tea! Coffee.

M. & J. TOBIN

HAVE RECEIVED, ex S.S. CASPIAN, THEIR FALL STOCK OF Teas—various brands—in chests, boxes and tins. Also, the Finest Selected French Coffee—in tins—4, 1, 7-lbs. each, and a General Assortment of PROVISIONS and GROCERIES.

SELLING AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

M. & J. TOBIN.

sep28,2iw,fp 170 and 172 Duckworth Street—Beach.

WE SHOW THIS WEEK!

The Largest!

The Latest!

The Most Select!

Stock of Ulsterings, Overcoatings, Suitings & Trouserings

EVER SHOWN IN THIS COLONY.

O'FLAHERTY & MAGGREGOR.

Wanted, two coat-makers immediately.

Water Street.

Torbay -- Convent -- Bazaar.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE CONVENT AND SCHOOLS, NOW IN COURSE OF erection at Torbay, will be held in the STAR OF THE SEA HALL during the last week in October. Contributions of money or work will be gratefully received by the Ladies in charge of the tables by Rev. M. J. Clarke, or to the Convent, Torbay. jv28,2iw,foot

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Postponed Sailing.

S. S. VOLUNTEER

—WILL LEAVE THE—

Coastal Wharf (Hoytestown) on Saturday next, Oct. 6th, at 10 a.m., for Bonne Bay, calling at Sydney and intermediate places. Freight received on Thursday and Friday. For freight or passage apply to the

Newfoundland Coastal S.S. Co., Lim. oct3,3fp

COAL COAL

NOW LANDING AT THE WHARF OF

JOHN WOODS & SON.

Ex Zanoni, 450 tons Screened

GLACE BAY COAL

Also, Ex Blanche, expected every hour, 400 tons Screened

NORTH SYDNEY COAL.

Sent home the cheapest in the market.

Telephone at S. Woods' Hardware Store. oct3,3fp

NOTICE.

THE BOOK-DEBTS BELONGING to the insolvent estate of J. & G. SMITH (Briggs) will be sold in my office, by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 10th of October, inst., at 12 o'clock, noon; after which the Dwelling-house, Shop, Store and Premises, at Briggs, now occupied by the said J. & G. Smith, and belonging to their aforesaid estate

(By order of the trustees.)

L. T. CHANCEY, St. John's, Oct. 1, 1888—51, m. & w.

North SYDNEY Coal.

Landing ex "Western Lass."

180 Tons Large, Bright

North Sydney Coal

FRESH FROM THE PIT.

P. & L. TESSIER.

oct3,3fp

O'Mara's Drug Store,

151 WATER STREET, 151.

SUNDAY HOURS.

Morning.....9 to 10.30 o'clock
Afternoon.....2 to 3.30 o'clock
Night.....8.30 to 9.30 o'clock

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Night assistant in attendance at 11 o'clock, after which hour any urgent prescription will be attended to by ringing the night-bell at hall door.

JOHN T. O'MARA.

aug18,3m,fp

HEAVY BLACK OATS

For Sale at Brooking's.
1000 BUSHELS

Heavy BLACK Oats

(IN BAGS.)

oct1,fp,tf JAMES MURRAY.

FOR SALE

By Shea & Co.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PKGS,
Choice Selected Canadian Butter.

oct3,3fp Landed ex ss Polino from Montreal.

(Under the patronage of their Excellencies the Governor and Mrs. Blake.)

The Ninth Annual Art Exhibition

will be held in the Athenaeum early in October.

THE SOCIETY OF ARTS RESPECTFULLY invites, from the public generally, contributions of local and foreign pictures (oil or water colour), engravings, choice photographs (not portraits), paintings on China, terra cotta, silk or velvet, &c.; decorative work, artistic embroidery and needlework, statuary, curiosities, and other objects of artistic, historic or antiquarian interest. All contributions to be sent to the Hall on a date to be duly announced later.

sep30,3fp,th J. W. NICHOLS, Sec.

Canadian Timothy Hay

500 SMALL BUNDLES

Finest Canadian Timothy Hay for horses, for sale at BROOKING'S.

JAMES MURRAY. oct1,fp,tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

North SYDNEY Coal

NOW LANDING,

Ex brig. Prince LeBoo from North Sydney, C.B.

AT THE WHARF OF

BROOKING & CO

And sent home cheap for cash while vessel discharging.

—A LARGE CARGO—

ROUND, BRIGHT, SYDNEY SCREENED COAL. From the Old Mines.

JAMES MURRAY. oct1,fp,tf



NEWFOUNDLAND.

[No. 1, 1888.]

TO MARINERS.

Little Denier Island, Bonavista Bay.

Latitude.....48° 41' 05" North.
Longitude.....53° 34' 05" West.

A CIRCULAR IRON TOWER AND A (wood) Keeper's Dwelling (17 ft. 6 in. apart) have been erected on the above named Island, where there will be exhibited nightly, on and after October 1st, from sunset to sunrise

A FIFTH ORDER DIOPTRIC REVOLVING WHITE LIGHT,

of six sides, to give single flashes at intervals of 30 seconds. It illuminates the whole horizon to a distance of 19 miles.

From high water to base of Tower, 278 feet.
From base to centre of Light, 20 ft. 3 in.
From high water to base of Vane, 302 ft. 3 in.

The House and Tower are painted red and white alternately, in vertical stripes.

The Offer Rock, 94 cables distant from Light House, bears E.N. Magnetic.

The Outer Brandy, 84 cables distant from Light House, bears W. by S.S. Magnetic.

(By order,) W. R. STIRLING.

BOARD OF WORKS OFFICE, } Secretary.
1st September, 1888. } sep13,1m

JUST RECEIVED!

—A SHIPMENT OF—

Cement, Whiting and Roofing Pitch

Coal Tar, Stockholm Tar
Washing Soda, Banking Anchors
Chains—all sizes
Crates of Earthenware.

—AND IN STORE,—

MOLASSES,

(In Puncheon, Tierces and Barrels.)

SUGAR, FLOUR, PORK, BEEF & BUTTER.

All will be sold at Lowest Market Prices.

G. KNOWLING, Water Street. sep27,fp,tf

NOTICE.

To Sail about the 15th October, for St. John's, Newfoundland,

THE BARQUENTINE

DUNURE

Loading in New York Harbor.

For Freight apply to

J. A. HORSEY, 68 Beaver Street, N.Y.

or to JOHN STEER. sep27,3iw

HOUSE TO LET.

[And Possession given the 1st October.]

That Comfortable and Centrally-Situated DWELLING HOUSE, [No. 2 St. John Row.]

Apply to F. ST. JOHN. aug27,3iw,fp,tf

Sanitary - Appliances!

JUST RECEIVED.

THE AGENCY FOR THE DISPOSAL OF \$2,400 worth of the above appliances, which will be fitted in the latest approved American manner for the next three months, at the lowest possible prices, on application to the Subscriber, who will personally attend all orders entrusted to him.

FREDERICK J. KENNY.

Practical and Sanitary Plumber, Agent, sep1,1m,fp 45 Gower-street, St. John's.

WANTED—A SALESMAN FOR THE Dry Goods business. Apply by letter to A. ROBERTSON, Monroe's. oct4,9fp

The Late Emperor William.

The London "Times" presents its readers with a three and a half column resume of a recently published book—"Recollections of the Emperor William"—which is certainly a very interesting work. It throws a flood of light upon the character of the late emperor, and it is not hard to understand his popularity among his people, as he possessed many amiable qualities. His reverence for truth was a striking characteristic. The writer of the work was for many years a sort of secretary or general factotum to the emperor, and tells many entertaining anecdotes of him. At one time the secretary complained that a certain secret mission of the emperor's to Hanover had been disclosed in a novel, and his majesty merely observed: "Don't agitate yourself about the matter, for it is a correct. I have no objection to the truth being written, however disagreeable it will be; but I have a very strong objection to the propagation of falsehoods, especially when this is done with a wicked and malignant purpose." The writer adds: "Untruthfulness invariably had the effect of making the king angry, but this was almost the only thing which ever ruffled his otherwise sweet and equable temper." This being his character it seems strange that he had such unbounded confidence in Bismarck, who enjoys the reputation of being the most accomplished liar in Europe.

Another amiable quality of Emperor William was his kindness and consideration towards servants and dependents. Says Schneider, the author of the recollections, not the man who had the celebrated party: "According to the testimony of all who ever served the king no word of abuse or execration was ever heard to escape his lips. . . . Not one of his personal servants ever got an unkindly or a wounding word from him, and the only thing that may have led them to fancy he was displeased was a somewhat accentuated 'H'm.'"

But of all the qualities which distinguished King William, perhaps the most noble and touching was his humanity and mercifulness. Capital punishment is the law of Prussia, but the king had such a strong repugnance to signing death warrants that he caused a great deal of trouble to his minister of justice. He adopted all sorts of expedients to put off the signing of these gruesome documents, and always rejoiced if there were any extenuating circumstances connected with such crimes as involved the death penalty which would justify the commutation of the sentence to imprisonment for life or a less time. Several touching incidents illustrative of the king's horror of discharging the painful duty which belonged to his high office are recorded. Although he was essentially a soldier, and admired a well drilled regiment as much as he did anything in the world, he did not like war for its own sake. He regarded himself as an instrument in the hands of Providence, and firmly believed that in the wars of his reign he was simply carrying out the Divine will. In one of his addresses to his assembled generals he concluded as follows: "But let us not forget that we all owe our thanks to Providence, who willed us to be the instruments of such grand and world famous events." It is an old trick of kings to throw the responsibility of war and carnage upon Providence, but William evidently was downright honest in his belief.

THE LIGHTS OF LONDON.

There are some queer sights to be seen in London, even looking at that huge metropolis from this distance. Just now the town is in a terrible state of ferment on account of some mysterious murders which have lately taken place in it, murders by which three or four abandoned women have been hurried into the other world by an assassin's hand. The mystery attending these murders has so impressed the Londoners that the cable says they are all waiting in awe the news of the next tragedy, while the detectives of Scotland yard are hunting high and low for the assassin. So wrought up, in fact, is London over the matter that a cry has gone up for the removal of Home Secretary Matthews on the ground of inefficiency in protecting the lives of the citizens, and this cry has been taken up by Tory as well as by Liberal papers.

And yet it was only a few weeks ago that in another part of the British realm a murder as foul as, even fouler than, those which are now agitating London was done, and London went on its wonted way unconcernedly, without scarcely breathing a word of condemnation against the man who robbed John Mandeville of life. Nay, more; daily in Ireland at the present time are being carried out what Mr. Gladstone truthfully describes as sentences of death, and yet the London press is singularly silent on this wholesale slaughter of an inoffensive peasantry. A madman who kills a depraved woman in London sets the whole town in an uproar, calls out every detective in Scotland Yard, and leads to a demand for the removal of the home secretary, but when a government official coolly and deliberately murders an Irishman, whose only crime is his patriot-

ism, and when, not satisfied with the death of one victim, he deliberately attempts to murder more, London remains silent, Scotland Yard is undisturbed, and the London papers have not a word to say in condemnation of the official's crime.

It is, of course to be hoped that London's mysterious murderer may soon be caught and placed where he can take no more human lives, but it is equally to be desired, if not more so, that London shall awaken to a realization of the fact that the Tory government of England has committed more than one dastardly murder in Ireland and is now attempting to add to the number of its crimes. If Home Secretary Matthews should be removed because of London's mysterious murders, what should be done to Irish Secretary Balfour for John Mandeville's death?—*American Exchange.*

The Champion Swindler

The Bedell swindles, says the New York "World" of the 23rd ult., just brought to light in this city, are the most stupendous of their kind ever perpetrated in this or any other country. The plot was so cunningly arranged that suspicion was disarmed, or otherwise the frauds could have been easily detected. Bedell had the management of the real-estate investment business of the firm of Shipman, Barlow, Larocque & Choate. All moneys intrusted to him for investment were paid directly into the firm's hands and receipted for by the firm. Then Bedell selected the property on which the loans were to be made. He was allowed to conduct all the necessary inquiries and searches, and his report as to the safety and character of the investment was accepted as final.

Bedell's method was to select the property, have the plans and descriptions made out, invent fictitious owners, forge false certificates of search, make forged mortgages and then draw the money from the firm to pay over to mortgagor. He would pay the interest on the mortgage when it was due, acting as agent for the mortgagor.

Of course a very trifling investigation would have revealed the swindle. It might have been discovered accidentally at any moment. How trustees of estates and moneyed corporations could have confided so entirely in any agent and have made no inquiries themselves is incomprehensible. Certainly without enjoying implicit confidence, Bedell could not so long have made his thieving practices a success. Nevertheless the carelessness of the investors is remarkable, although it probably will not screen the firm from liability for their agent's acts.

The Pleasure of Dying.

I have seen a great many people die, some of them great sinners, even ruffians of the most degraded type, and I have never yet witnessed in any case the slightest fear of death or of a hereafter. I have also been present at the death-beds of many pious and worthy persons, and I have never known an instance among this class of the least abhorrence of death or apprehension in regard to the future. A person in sound health receiving intelligence that his death is to take place in a few moments would undoubtedly, at first, be greatly disturbed, and, if religiously brought up, would probably wish to make preparations for departing this life. But the case is very different with those who have suffered from a long illness and whose preceptions therefore have lost their sharpness. I have often told such persons that they had but a few minutes to live, but the intelligence has never been received in any other than the most composed and resigned manner. Certainly this is a wise provision of nature. For if, as with his present knowledge it is impossible for man to escape death, it is well that he is so constituted as to be able to accept the inevitable with dignity and composure.—*Ex.*

CHEVALIERS OF MALTA.

The Old Order to be Revived for the Suppression of the Slave Trade in Africa.

According to a late European report, the Knights of Malta are to be revived for the purpose of putting an end to the Slave trade in Africa. This Order is probably the most aristocratic in the world. To become a Chevalier of Malta, if an Italian, one must have four quarterings of nobility, each two hundred years old. In France at least six quarterings are exacted, and in Germany no one with less than sixteen quarterings can become a chevalier.

The Grand Master is an Italian, Prince Ceschi de Santa Croce; he lives in Rome, at the Palace of Malta. Among the French chevaliers are Prince Napoleon, Prince de Clermont-Tonnerre, Duke de la Roche foucauld Doudeauville, Marquis de Mirepoix, Belboen, Barbatane, Talleyrand, etc. All Catholic sovereigns are members, and by a dispensation of the Pope the Prince of Wales and the Emperor of Russia are allowed to wear its insignia.

CHOICE NEW CHEESE

For Sale by J. & W. Pitts,
25 CHOICE NEW CHEESE.

Just Received, ex "Neva" from Antigonish, N.S.
oct2

STORAGE IN BOND.

WE HAVE ROOM IN THE BOND Store on our premises for a limited number of casks of Spirits, Sugar, &c., which will be let at current rates.
oct3

CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

BAIRD'S LINIMENT.

(ESTABLISHED 1839.)

WILL CURE ANYTHING THAT CAN be cured by any known Liniment, and in less time. It will cure many things that no other will. It is a purely Vegetable Compound. It is celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Pains or Lameness in the Back, Chest and Side, Soreness and Stitches in the Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Wounds, Bruises, Cuts and Swellings, Boils, Corns and Felons. Taken internally it instantly relieves Pains in the Stomach, sudden Chills and Nervous Headache, Colds and Coughs, Sore Throat, Diphtheria &c. Sold by Dealers. Price 25 cents a Bottle.
oct2,eod

Choice Apples

Now landing, ex steamer Coban from Montreal,
Fifty-three Brls

Choice Canada'n Apples.
oct3 CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

NEW TEAS

Just received per s.s. Caspian
Tea in Half Chests
Tea in 20lb. Boxes
Tea in 10lb. Boxes
Also, From Glasgow a full assortment of plain and fancy, assorted

Tobacco Pipes,

in 1 gross boxes.
oct1 GEO. O'REILLY.

McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup.

IF YOUR CHILD IS TROUBLED with Worms in the Stomach or Intestines there is positively no remedy so Safe, Pleasant and so effectual as McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup. Do not confound this preparation with Vermifuge, Lozenges, Powders, &c.; it is an entirely different preparation from any of them. It is purely vegetable, safe, and so pleasant that no child will refuse to take it. Sold by respectable Dealers. Price 25 cents a Bottle.
oct2,eod

KENDRICK'S MIXTURE

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR
Diarrhoea and all Summer Complaints, Cholera, Cramps, Pain in the Bowels. A single Dose of this Mixture has cured the worst Cases.

H. PAXTON BAIRD,
Chemist, Woodstock, N.B., Proprietor.

129, Water Street, 129.

WE ARE NOW SELLING Fifteen Cases

Canned Bake Apples--Cheap

A few Cans Canned Salmon
10 Cases Canned Albicore--this is a new and rich food.
sep19

R. HARVEY.

Annals for 1888 and New Books.

THE ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE

The Boys' Own Annual, The Girls' Own Annual, Chatterbox, Little Wide Awake, Young England, The Family Friend, Children's Friend, Child's Companion, The Prize, Infants' Magazine, above in various bindings. Visit to the Zoo, All the Fun of the Fair, In the Olden Time, A Posy of Buttercups and Daisies, Golden Leaves from the Poets Garden, Little Heartsease, Fair Flowers from the Poets Garden, Bright Blossoms from the Poets Garden, Onward--a Scripture Text Book, The Red Line Poets--in new bindings

sep28 J. F. Chisholm

TO LET, A DWELLING HOUSE, with or without Shop; good business stand, situated near Railway depot, with two frost proof cellars, and large garden attached. Possession given 31st Oct. Apply to MRS. GEORGE HATTON.
sep28,1f

CHEESE.

We have received per s.s. Polino
9 boxes Canadian Cheese,
(a good article)
1 case Small Canadian Cheese,
from 10 to 15 lbs each
The small Cheese are recommended especially for family use.
sep28

CLIFT, WOOD & Co.

198, WATER STREET, 198. GEORGE O'REILLY.

Just Received,
No. 1 New York Ex. and No. 2 New York Ex. Flour
ALSO IN STOCK, A GOOD ASSORTMENT GENERAL GROCERIES & LIQUORS.
All selling at the Lowest Market Prices.

GEO. O'REILLY,
september21,3i,eod 198 Water Street, six door east of Market House.

New Goods for the Fall's Trade.

ANDREW P. JORDAN

(General Importer, 178 and 180 Water Street, a few doors east of Market House, has just received, by recent arrivals)

A New Stock of Provisions and Groceries:

500 Brls Flour--supers and superior extra; 70 brls Family Mess Pork Loins and Jowls
40 Brls Packet Beef and Pigs' Pates; 150 half-chests and boxes of Tea--this season's.

Also, PER S.S. BONAVISTA, A NEW STOCK OF CIGARS of the Choicest brands; and in stock 1000 cases of Cigars--each containing 5 cigars--from 8cts to 20cts each. Cheap Coffee, Barley, Sage, Rice, Pease, Raisins, Currants, Jams and Jellies, Cheese, Cut-loaf Sugar, Brown do. A fine stock Briar & Fancy Pipes; T.D.'s & Woodstocks, from White & Sons, Glasgow. A fair reduction to wholesale customers. Retail trade receives special attention. All Outport orders despatched quickly, and every satisfaction warranted.

sept 21 A. P. JORDAN.

Standard MARBLE Works.



287 New Gower-St.
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent

STOCK OF--

HEAD-STONES,

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELPieces, &c.

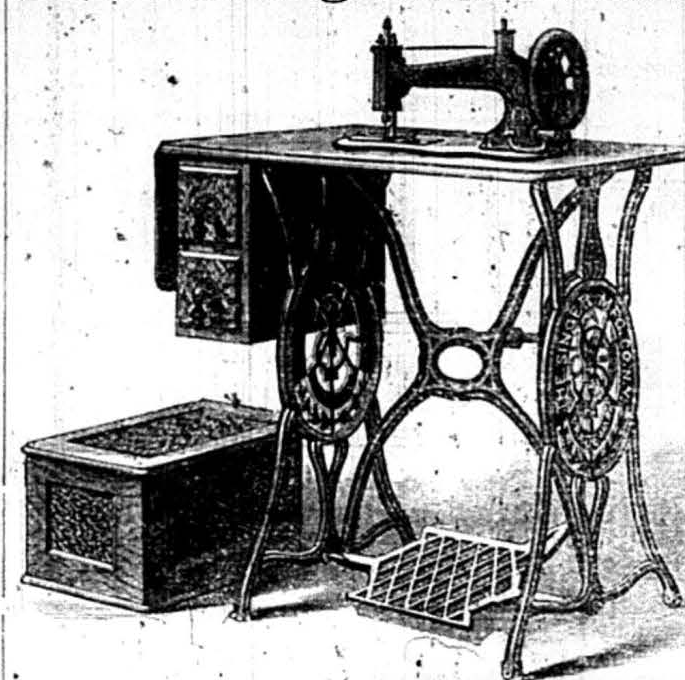
At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee solid work and the best of workmanship. Outport orders solicited. Designs furnished by letter or otherwise. Special reduction on all goods ordered during the summer. Cement & plaster for sale.

JAMES MCINTYRE.

Genuine Singer Sewing Machine.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Imitations.



TERMS, &c.

TO SUIT THE Bad Times we have reduced the price of all our sewing machines. We call the attention of Tailors and Shoemakers to our Singer No. 2, that we can now sell at a very low figure; in fact, the price of all our Genuine Singers, now, will surprise you. We warrant every machine for over five years. The Genuine Singer is doing the work of Newfoundland. No one can do without a Singer.

- 1st. Uses the shortest needle of any lock-stitch machine.
- 2nd--Carries a finer needle with even size thread
- 3d. Uses a greater number of size of thread with one size needle.
- 4th. Will close a seam tighter with linen thread than any other machine will with silk.

Machines taken in exchange. Payments on easy monthly payments.

M. F. SMYTH, Agent for Newfoundland.

JOHNSON'S FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

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A Select Story. Her Just Sentence

BY AUTHOR OF "SET IN DIAMONDS."

CHAPTER LI.—(continue.)

"NOW I AM MISTRESS."

"I am not aware that I looked pleased," said Miss Beaton, proudly, "nor am I aware that my looks are any concern of yours."

Laura retreated; she was too well trained a servant to retort, but in her heart she hated Miss Beaton more intensely than ever.

"I saw my lady's face," she thought, "and though her voice was quite calm there was heart-break in it. I suppose that I shall never know the truth, and yet I feel quite sure that Miss Beaton has hurt her in some way or other—she looks as though she had."

But Laura was careful; when one after the other curious servants asked, "where has our lady gone?" she merely answered:

"She went early this morning on very important business."

So that her actual departure seemed to create little sensation. It was with a gleam of irresistible triumph that Gladie saw the empty rooms.

"Now, indeed, I am mistress," she said, "and I shall hold my own; now, indeed, have I won a victory, and she who took from me my love, who has blighted my life, she shall suffer; she will write to me for news of her child; I will send none, always pretending that the letters are lost; she will want to see me, and ask questions which I shall never answer; and he will return to find his golden-haired, dainty darling gone. Indeed, fate and fortune have been kind to me, and I have tasted sweetest vengeance."

So the day passed. Roy asked continually for his mother. Gladie was very kind and patient with him; she wished to win his affection, and make him love her; he was the one means by which she was to influence his father's heart.

"Mamma is coming soon, dear," she would answer; and the head nurse turned at last to Laura, who had gone into the nursery.

"I hope," she said, "that Miss Beaton is not coming to interfere in the nursery; I shall never take orders from her, only from Lady Vernon. There is something in that voice of hers which makes me shudder, it is too sweet by half. Where has Lady Vernon gone, Laura?"

"I do not know; on business somewhere; she seemed very hurried as though she had been sent for in haste."

She did not tell me anything about it."

"Well, I judge from nothing but Miss Beaton's voice; it is too sweet, it means mischief, the very tones she uses when she speaks to that child makes me suspect; and remember my words, Laura, if there is mischief to any one she has made it."

The next two days glided on gently; Lady Vernon did not return, and Miss Beaton seemed quite naturally to fall into her place as mistress of the house.

Faster and faster sped the swift engine, louder and louder grew the whirl and the roar, fiercer and fiercer grew the throbbing of that mighty pulse. Lady Vernon sat far back into the carriage, with her eyes closed, hoping that death would befriend her and claim her. She had taken a ticket for London; she had once heard a gentleman say that, to be really lost, one must go to London—that it was the only place in the wide world where any one could effectually be lost, the only place where no clue or trace could ever be found. She would lose herself in London; no one would ever find her there—it would be the last place on earth where people would ever think of looking for her.

She tried to rest her tired eyes and aching head; she leaned back against the hard cushion, and tried to realize it all, tried to understand that Cyril the knight, the man whom she had loved, honored, and esteemed above all other men, was a murderer, that he had cunningly, slyly, cruelly, foully murdered his kinsman, in order that he might marry her. She tried to understand that he had fallen from his high estate—

that he was degraded, lost forever to her; and she could not realize it, try as she would. Then her thoughts grew confused; she was no longer Lady Vernon flying from her home and husband from child and friends—flying because her great misery was driving her mad. She was back in India, where a fervid sun shone in a fervid sky; and she saw again, as it were in a dream, the dark-faced Sepoys, with murder in their eyes; she heard, above the hissing of steam and the shrill whistle, she heard the cries of wounded and dying. Oh, Heaven! that she, too, could die.

She tried to realize that she had left Eastwold and her child—that she had parted with everything she held most dear; but her brain burned, it seemed to her that coals of fire lay on her head. Then the noises died away and she slept.

The cessation of all motion aroused her; she was alone in the carriage and a porter stood at the door; the train had stopped at one of the large stations; she did not know which.

"Will you have a cab, ma'am?" he asked.

"No," she answered, "I will walk." She left the station yard, wondering why it was that earth and sky seemed to meet—wondering why the pavement to rise, then fall—why flashes of red mist came before her eyes; then suddenly she ceased to wonder, and the tired brain grew still.

CHAPTER LII.

LATE that evening a case of a peculiar kind was taken to the celebrated hospital of St. Bartholomew. The police had found a woman lying in one of the wide, quiet streets leading from Piccadilly; at first they thought it was one of the usual cases, and that she lay there intoxicated.

Policeman A. No. 9 raised her, and gave a cry of astonishment when the light of his lantern, turned on her face, showed it white and beautiful as that of a marble statue. He sprang his rattle, and was joined by B. No. 7, who also looked in unutterable wonder at the white, beautiful face.

"What is it?" he asked of A. No. 9; "is it drink?"

"No, it is more like death," said No. 9, on whose heart that face made some little impression.

"Who is she?" asked No. 7.

"That is what we must find out; I should say this is something out of our usual line of finding, what do you say?"

"It seems like it," said No. 7, who never wasted a word, and when five words were sufficient never used six. "Looks to me like some illness; a lady, I should say, judging from her dress."

At that moment Dr. Roberts, one of the most industrious and skillful doctors in London, was walking rapidly home. Seeing the little group, two policemen and the motionless figure of a woman, he stopped.

"Anything the matter?" he asked.

No. 7 touched his cap; No. 9 answered:

"There seems to be a great deal the matter, sir; but just what it is I can not say."

"Let me see," said the doctor.

He, too, started when he saw the grand Saxon beauty of that fair face. His trained eye detected at once it was no common case, and he felt equally sure no common person.

"You had better see if there is a card case or any letters with an address on," he said to the men, "or any other means of identification."

They emptied the pocket of the dress; there was nothing but a handkerchief, without either monogram or initials, and a purse, which held some gold and silver; there were no letters, no card-case, no single piece of paper of any kind which could lead to her identity.

"No name," thought the doctor; then he looked at the beautiful white hand, on which shone two wedding-rings.

"A lady, I am sure," he added to himself, then he looked again at the face. He spoke suddenly to the policemen: "Either the lady is dying or she is going to have a severe illness, I can not say which; you had better take her at once to St. Bartholomew's."

So she was carried there, and given into charge of one of the nurses, who, finding she could do nothing much for her, sent for the house surgeon.

His verdict was soon given.

"Brain fever, and a very bad case."

(to be continued.)

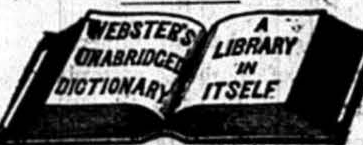
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AFTER FOUR WEEKS FROM this date, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, for letters patent for a "Steel Protected Dry Fittings," for the preservation of castaway seamen, to be granted to THOMAS S. CALPIN, of Bay Roberts.

THOMAS S. CALPIN, Bay Roberts
St. John's, May 23, 1888—4w, 1w, t

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Correspondence and other matters relating to the Editorial Department will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. E. HARRISON,
Editor the Colonist, St. John's, Nfld.

(To be continued.)

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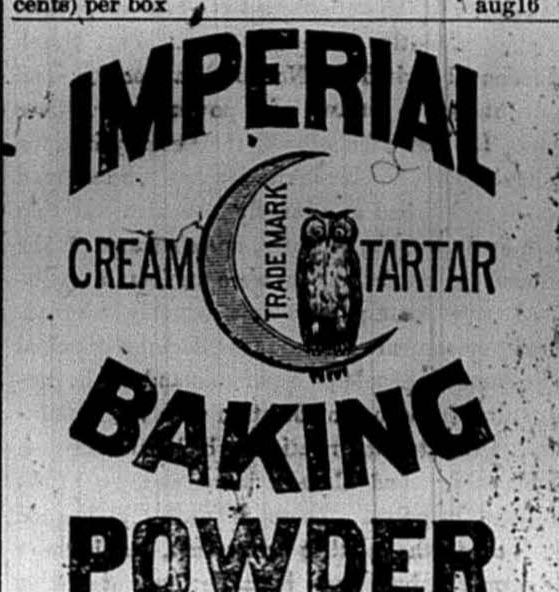
'Excelsior.'

Just received per s.s. Bonavista, and for sale By CLIFT, WOOD & Co

800 boxes of the Celebrated

Excelsior Laundry Soap.

This Soap was very deservedly popular with our customers last year, and as numerous enquiries have been made this spring for "Excelsior" Soap, we would advise intending purchasers to apply immediately. 200 boxes "Excelsior" Soap—30 bars each—only 90 cents (ninety cents) per box. 100 boxes—a smaller size box—only 80 cts. (eighty cents) per box. aug16



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against infringing on or making my mak-

ing my anchor, or any anchor with any feature

of my invention attached to it. Most persons are

under the impression that if they make the

slightest alteration, they can obtain a patent; but

such is not the case, and should not be allowed or

granted, for such is contrary to the laws, rules

and regulations of patents. The manufacturers

in England said they were safe to make my an-

chor, and would not infringe on any other patent

or get themselves into trouble by so doing.

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Daily Colonist.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1888.

BOSS TWEEDISM!

We pointed out, during the late Municipal election, that the chief danger of corruption or other abuses in civic matters was the want of interest which citizens generally took in their own affairs. It was the supineness of the large majority of the citizens of New York, for instance, that enabled Boss Tweed to fill the principal offices and committees with creatures of his own, and thus reduced jobbery to a system, and speculation to a science.

Though, through the exposures of one of the great dailies of New York, he was eventually brought to justice and stripped of his ill-gotten gains, and ended his disgraceful career in a penitentiary, yet he had robbed the citizens of millions of dollars and left an indelible stain on free municipal institutions.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the apostate liberal, speaking recently at Bradford, declared that "experience in Dublin, New York and Boston has shown that Irish government has always been inefficient and corrupt."

To this the New York press gives the lie direct. The New York "Star" says "it is a falsehood so far as New York is concerned, and is equally false so far as the other cities are concerned."

"New York has never had an Irish government. Of course, most self-respecting Irishmen act with the Democratic party, which is here dominant, because that is the party which fought the attempt to proscribe American citizens of Irish birth when they were assailed by the predecessor to the present Republican party; but the Irish have never been specially conspicuous in times of municipal corruption. There has never been any race matter about it; but when the government was corrupt, as, for instance, in Tweed's time, men of all races who happened to be in office at the time, shared in the corruption, while it was the son of an Irishman, John Kelly, who rescued Tammany from the control of Tweed's tools and allies."

Abuses of things good in themselves, in civic as well as other matters, are not incidental to any particular country, nor to any race. The jobberies, for instance, of the Corporation of London, recently exposed, was as corrupt as the operations of Boss Tweed, only that they were not of such gigantic proportions. Eternal vigilance is said to be the price of liberty; and it may be as truly said that watchfulness is the price of civic purity. We do not wish to impute any corrupt motives to the St. John's City Council until we have more direct proof than we have at present; but the fact that some of the Councillors imagine that they are fixed in their places for three years is a temptation to do wrong, which few men would be able to withstand. It is already reported that one of them has adopted for his motto—"To blaze with public opinion; it is only a nine days' wonder." This, an expression of contempt for the public which cannot be allowed to pass unnoticed. It was a somewhat similar expression of Tweed's—"What can you do about it?"—that awakened the citizens of New York to a sense of their bounden duty to take an interest in their own affairs. When this is done and yearly control, by elections, exercised, the affairs of municipalities will be managed for the good of the people generally and not in the interests of a few. Municipal government in Newfoundland must not be allowed to fall into disrepute because of the danger with which clean administration is threatened. The very bluster and effrontery with which persons of tainted reputations have been thrust into office will cause the speedy suppression of the "ring-rule" which has already created such wide-spread disgust and indignation.

WHAT THE OUTSIDE PAPERS.

Are Saying About Confederation.

(From the Halifax Chronicle, Sept. 18th.)

Mr. P. J. Scott is one of the most prominent members of the Opposition in the Newfoundland Legislature. He was invited by Sir Robert Thorburn, Premier, to be a member of the proposed delegation to Ottawa, to consider the question of Union with Canada. Mr. Scott thereupon addressed the following letter to Sir Robert:—

"St. John's, Sept. 4th, 1888.

"SIR,—In reference to the offer of the Government, made by you, to honor me with a place on the delegation about to proceed to Ottawa on the subject of the Federal Union of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada, I beg to say that it will not be possible for me to accept such honor unless an express assurance be given me that no action of a character to bind this Colony will be adopted with reference to Confederation, except by the consent of the people signified at a general election or by a plebiscite.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. J. SCOTT.

TO HON. SIR R. THORBURN,
K.C.M.G., Premier.

We do not know what Sir Adams Archibald may think of this letter; but we believe there are many thousands of Nova Scotians who will say that if such a document had been written by

him in 1865-6, he would have a claim to the respect of the people of this province which his gaw title does not give him. Mr. Archibald in 1865-6 was the chief of the opposition to a government, the leader of which he had charged with wholesale corruption. Mr. Archibald was invited by that same leader to be one of a delegation to consider the proposed Confederation with Canada. He did not, like Mr. Scott, stand up for the liberties of the people and demand from Dr. Tupper an assurance that the scheme, when agreed to, would be submitted to the electors at the polls. He jumped at Dr. Tupper's offer and lent him all the assistance he could in forcing the province into a union which its people detested, and which, while it may have proved a very good thing for Dr. Tupper and Mr. Archibald, has been a sad thing for Nova Scotia. All honor to Mr. Scott for his manly letter. Let us congratulate Newfoundland on the fact that her sons are true to their native land.

(From the Boston Republic)

NEWFOUNDLAND SAYS NO.

For years past Sir John Macdonald, the premier of the Dominion of Canada, has been making strenuous efforts to induce the people of Newfoundland to confederate with the Canadian Dominion, and those efforts have been more than ever persistently made this year. Last March Macdonald invited the Newfoundlanders to send a deputation to Ottawa with power to negotiate terms for the admission of their colony into the federal union, but his invitation has been scorned and rejected, and at a largely attended meeting held at St. John's, recently, speeches against the scheme of confederation were made and resolutions to the same purport unanimously adopted. The government organ says that the principal objections the people of Newfoundland at the present time have to confederation with the Dominion are the strained relations which exist between this country and Canada in consequence of the fisheries disputes. There is probably a good deal of truth in that declaration, and Premier Macdonald thus finds his assertion that enmity between the United States and the Dominion would do no injury to the latter country, but, on the contrary, tend to make all the British colonies north of us more united, given a very forcible contradiction.

The Canadian Tories seem to be as effective disunionists as their counterparts in Great Britain are, and Sir John Macdonald will be apt to wait a long time for a Newfoundland delegation to come to Ottawa empowered to negotiate terms for the admission of their country into the Dominion of Canada.

BILLIARD MATCH LAST NIGHT.

The Metropolitans Ahead.

GOOD-HUMOURED EXCITEMENT.

The largest crowd ever assembled to see a billiard match in St. John's, was at the Total Abstinence hall last night, to see the opening of the tournament between the Total Abstinence and Metropolitan clubs. There must have been over six hundred persons present, comprising members of both orders and many outside friends. In fact, as a gentleman present remarked, "I do not remember having seen as much enthusiasm over anything since the celebrated Fitzgerald walking match in the City Hall, New York, which I had the pleasure of seeing." Precisely at eight time was called, and Mr. A. Hiscok, for the Metropolitan, opened the game with Mr. Frank J. Doyle, for the Total Abstinence. Doyle played a splendid game in the commencement, and by a series of good hits and average breaks he quickly run up a hundred and fifty. But after this the luck seemed to go against him, and when the game was finished he stood only 224 to Hiscok's 300. Hiscok, who is one of the best "shots" in the Metropolitan, played an even though not brilliant game from beginning to end. The game was finished at 9.20, and after an interval of fifteen minutes the next pair took the cues. Charley Muir led off for the Metropolitans, with P. Wallace for the Total Abstinence. Wallace made some brilliant dashes, but his style was not sustained, though he made one splendid break of thirty-one. Muir played a cautious, steady game and reached the point of three hundred when Wallace had scored 269. When the second game was finished it was past eleven o'clock, and time for closing the rooms. The play will be resumed tonight at eight, with W. Martin and C. Taylor for the Metropolitans, and C. Myler and E. Malone for the Total Abstinence. As the game stands now, the Metropolitans are 107 ahead. There was considerable mild betting amongst the spectators last night, and good-humored excitement. The best of feeling prevailed during the game and a good hit on either side was applauded by all. No doubt a large number will be present to night.

Captain French arrived this morning from New York via Sydney, with a new two-topmast schooner, purchased at the former port for Messrs. John Woods & Son,

THE FLEMING BROTHERS.

Something Should be Done for Them

BY THE OPENING OF SUBSCRIPTION LISTS

An Appeal to His Excellency

One of our staff had an interview with Mr. Peter Fleming, of Torbay, yesterday afternoon, outside our office. Fleming, it will be remembered, is one of the brothers who strayed on the banks in April last, and was twelve days without food or water in a dory before being rescued. Both brothers arrived here from Montreal by the last "Polino," after having been four months in a Quebec hospital, where the feet of both men had to be amputated. The history of twelve days suffering is already too well known for its re-publication to be necessary. It is known on both sides of the Atlantic, and is accounted one of the most extraordinary escapes, from death in the annals of shipwreck. The legs of both men have been amputated below the knee, between the ankle and the calf. The operation in each case was most skillfully performed, and with the exception of an ever-burning feeling at the points of amputation, the men are in good health. But they are incapable of ever earning their bread again, and something should be done for them. Not only should a subscription list be opened in every part of the island to raise a sum of money for them, but the government should allow them something. His Excellency Governor Blake has been prominent in all matters for the alleviation of distress, and it will be only necessary to call his attention to the Fleming case, to have him display his usual magnanimity. The fishermen of Newfoundland are its stay and hope, the groundwork on which the whole superstructure of our commerce rises, and everything should be done as far as possible to assist them in distress. The present is an unusual case, and if the proper means be taken, no person in the whole country would refuse to give something, be it ever so small, to the poor fellows so miraculously saved from death. If the clergymen and school teachers throughout the island would open subscription lists in their respective parishes, a handsome amount in the aggregate would soon be realized, sufficient to enable them to buy artificial limbs, that they may be able in the future to do something for their families. Peter Fleming says that if the "Jubilee" had sailed in their direction fifteen minutes longer, they would have been rescued; he also says that no other dory that he has ever seen could stand that terrible twelve days but one of the "Excelsior" make, built by Messrs. Heider and Halleran, this city.

[FOR THE COLONIST.]

TERRA NOVA.

Know ye a land in the mist of the ocean,
Twixt the two worlds—the old and the new,
Laved by the surge of the billows commotion,
With deep bays and rivers majestic to view.

Whose great banks are watered by ocean Atlantic,
Abounding in wealth of the Great Baccalieu,
Which fills up the purses of merchants pedantic,
Who're seeking a knighthood, a Bart or a Shah.

Whose hill tops are covered by fog, cold and blighting,
As seen by the stranger who night of her know,
Her deep bays and valleys—none more inviting—
Meanwhile in glad sunshine and warmth are aglow.

Those lakes, without number, abound on the mountain,
Where the angler and human alike seek their prey,
While down the steep hillside leap the bright waters,
And mingle with that of the great placid bay.

Her forests, in belts, cross from mountain to mountain,
High towering the fir trees, the birch and the spruce,
How fertile the land! see the trunks great proportions!
Awaiting the axeman to put them to use.

While on her bosom the rays of the sunshine,
What starts the seekers as onward they go,
Crossing their pathway their gladdened eyes greet—
And points to the treasure that's hidden below.

Ah, yes! she has treasures abounding within her,
This land of my birthright, this gem mid the sea,
Why not sing her praises, tho' forced to part from her,
To get me a living in a land not more free.

Tho' forced to part from her in sorrow and weeping,
Perhaps never more shall I see her again,
I cannot do less than commend to His keeping,
Who lifted her out from the depth of the main.
St. John's, Oct. 1, 1888. F. J. K.

A NOTE OF THANKS.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—Would you kindly give me space in your columns to record my deep sense of gratitude to Mr. Hanover and crew, of Petty Harbor, who came to my assistance one day last week when I was badly in need of aid. We would probably have lost our boat; but they came to our assistance, towed us in, gave us moorings and anchors, treated us kindly the few days we were there and towed us to sea again when a time offered. Yours truly,

EDWARD HART,

St. John's, Oct. 4th, 1888.

Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

ONE STEP TOO FAR.

Would Rob Us of Our Independent Press.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—I was very much pleased to see that you were taking up the crusade against the introduction of dishonesty and "boodles" into the recently-formed Municipal Council, and I hope, Sir, you will persevere in this course of integrity, backed as you are by the public sentiment of this community. It would be a terrible thing for us all if public opinion had fallen so low in St. John's as that people are afraid or ashamed to oppose dishonesty, or for fear of offending thieves and their abettors were coerced into acquiescence with wrong-doing. For my own part I would sooner suffer martyrdom a thousand times over, would sooner incur the displeasure of every thief in the community, would rather be called a bigot until the "callers" were black in the face than tamely submit to their attempt to foist the tactics of Tammany and the dishonest confederacy of the "ring-rule" upon this once respectable community. Aye, Sir, and I venture to predict that the "eye-opener" recently afforded by these disreputable proceedings will do more to revolutionise the future politics of this country than all other and previous causes combined.

I am sorry to see the "Telegram" newspaper turning aside, from its effort, to patch up an amalgamated government, in order to bolster up this daring attempt at public fraud. If this is to be the kind of thing we may expect under the coming government of Sir William Whiteway and "the Whiteway party," then I, for one, say: From all such abominations, good Lord deliver us! The unworthy attempt to "take the edge off" the righteous public indignation these appointments have occasioned by ascribing that indignation to disappointed office-seekers and their friends is "too thin." Such forms of special pleading may sometimes help the guilty, but in this case the verdict is too unanimous to be ascribed to such a cause. The whole town, with the exception of this little clique of criminals, are not office-seekers nor applicants for the honor of sharing with "the head boodler" the spoils of municipal drainage. Some more credible theory than this will have to be started before the bloodstains of Macbeth's conscience can be satisfactorily accounted for. But is it not sad—inexpressibly sad—Mr. Editor, that to cover up their dark designs, their dishonest schemes, and their proposed public plundering this gang of freebooters should have the audacity to try and level down the freedom of an independent press. In this the gang have gone just one step too far, as they will learn before they get through their conspiracy. Yes, one step too far! Theft, slander, falsehood, and gross imposition are bad enough, but to rob us of our independent press, and for such an ignoble cause—no, Sir, it shall never be! Witness, ye gods, whether I lie or not. Let the heavens tremble and the earth dissolve into its original elements, but a free paper and an unmuzzled press must and shall be maintained.

Yours, etc., JOHN KNOX

St. John's, Oct. 4th, 1888.

Illicit Liquor Traffic in Placentia.

CONSTABLE FAHEY DOING GOOD WORK.

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—Allow me, through the columns of your valuable paper, to show the good effects that can be derived from a little reasonable looking after the authorities. During the last session of the Supreme Court on Circuit here, the Grand Jury made a presentment about the increase in liquor traffic in Placentia, and asked for a remedy. As a result, the police officers have been somewhat more on the alert, and the constable succeeded in making two very good catches of illicit liquor selling lately; in both cases a fine of \$30 was imposed. I venture to say, if this work continues, the Grand Jury will not have much to complain of the increase of the liquor traffic here. Now, too, it is well known that the responsibility of looking after these "shebeens" rests on the right shoulders, and the public know who to blame if this nefarious traffic goes ahead. In fact, Constable Fahey has lately been doing rather quick work. One evening last week information reached him that some clothing had been stolen in North-East Arm. Fahey proceeded at once to the spot, took his bearings, and by his own inherent shrewdness, without the help of any outsider, succeeded in securing the stolen clothing and the thief, before he could escape by the train to where he came from. The thief had stolen the clothes off a fence and had just put them on, preparatory to running away, when he was seized by the constable. This shows a fair efficiency on the part of the constable. The thief, who belongs to some part of Trinity Bay, got thirty days imprisonment.

I remain, yours, etc.,

Placentia, Oct. 1.

TIMER.

The Case Candidly and Fairly Stated

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

MR. EDITOR,—Your efforts to awake public opinion on the matter of Mr. Syme's appointment deserve to be seconded.

If the sense of honor and commercial integrity is lost in the community, I consider no curse—not even Confederation itself—could blast the welfare of the country; and that if the public, the rate-payers, and the government or Governor of the Island can overlook this gross and flagrant violation of their dignity and self-respect, then are we on the rapid downward march to financial and national ruin!

The facts, as far as we know, are these: A person entrusted with the management of one of our largest and most influential mercantile establishments is dismissed from that employ for (it is alleged) serious defalcations. He is degraded from his position among the commercial body. Yet strange to say, he retains his place in the legislative council of the Island, and the title of Honorable. Surely this is too serious to be ridiculous. Again, he is now placed in a position of honor and emolument by the very gentlemen who degraded him, and given charge of the monies of the people.

I do not say those charges are true; we only know the facts. Have not the public a right to have this matter explained satisfactorily to them? The public mind should be set at ease. We are truly sorry for the—let us call it misfortune—that Mr. Syme has suffered, and no doubt the whole community would rejoice to see his fair fame vindicated. But—

Even if that were done, it would still remain a fact that this gentleman, a comparative stranger in the country, who had every possible avenue to success opened up for him, who was placed among the first councillors of the nation and adorned with titles and honors, has proved a failure. Is that a reason for conferring new honors and emoluments on him?

But he has a wife and family; are they to be left to starve? How many other persons are in the country, either natives or those who have given a long service of honest labor amongst us, and who have wives and families starving, but who have never received a single honor or a cent of emolument from their native or adopted country? Are the positions of responsibility and trust to be given as a premium to dishonesty or incapacity?

The attempt made by the "Telegram" to shirk this important matter by shifting it to religious grounds, is unworthy of a paper which ought to stand by the rights and privileges of an outraged people in this matter.

No charge of a religious nature has been made. Certainly not in the COLONIST. The denomination which you, Mr. Editor, represent, have no complaint to make and have made none, though our Methodist and Episcopalian friends must feel it unjust to have as many as seven or eight members of the Presbyterian Church upon this Municipal board. The charges we make are of a higher and more national kind. Mr. Syme is under a cloud. By all means have that cloud removed. But even if removed, what title or pretence can be put forward for his occupying the position to which he has been appointed.

Excuse this lengthened epistle on your space, but I think I voice PUBLIC OPINION.

St. John's Oct. 3rd, 1888.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

England has had her first snow shower of the season.

The boy Ewing, in the hospital, is still in the same condition.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"Cooperage," "Fides," "Behind the Scene," received.

The steamer Coban is booked to sail this evening, though it is likely that the high wind and dense fog outside will keep the boat in port till tomorrow morning.

UNIVERSITY NEWS.—In the Freshman competition last week, in University College, London, Mr. Conroy, son of Judge Conroy, of this city, took first place in Classics, and was accordingly awarded the Andrew's prize of thirty pounds stg.

Mr. Emanuel Charles, father of Mr. Thomas Charles, Duckworth-street, this city, and at present living with his son, was knocked down and brutally kicked by a drunken ruffian near Prescott-street last night. The man has been arrested and was up for trial today.

MARRIAGES.

LEMESURIER—MOREY.—In the Church at Ferryland, on Tuesday, October 2nd, by Rev. Walter R. Smith, George William (son of George Lemesurier, Esq., chief-clerk General Post Office, St. John's), to Bertha, daughter of Robt. Morey, Esq., of Caplin Bay.

DEATHS.

MARE.—Oct. 3rd, Bella Mary, infant daughter of R. Langrishe-Mare, aged 15 months.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF ST. JOHN'S.

ENTERED.

Oct. 4—Elite, Hargrave, Glace Bay, 194 tons coal—H. J. Stabb, Primrose, Frew, Sydney, 174 tons coal—Jas Murray, Acadia, LeChance, Bridge-water, lumber—H. J. Stabb, Dawn, Ashburn, Sydney, 167 tons coal—M. Tobin, Blanche, Frew, ch. Sydney, 407 tons coal—J. Woods & Son.

CLEARED.

Oct. 4—Carpasian, Laurie, Sydney, ballast—Thorburn & Co. to—s. Georgia, Myers, Guysboro, ballast—J. & W. Pitts, Aureola, Brien, North Sydney—S. March & Sons, Maggie F., Martell, Sydney, ballast—P. & L. Tessier.

LOADING.

Oct. 3—Leander, Brazil, fish—Thorburn & Tessier.